Covid 19 Risk Assessment for January 2021 Last Reviewed 12.1.21 Holymead Primary School

Model Assessment: 8.7.20 Holymead Primary School Risk Assessment for Schools' Partial-Opening in January 2021

Assessed by: Bristol City Council Corporate Safety Health & Wellbeing Team

Section: Schools Review dates: as dictated by issuing of new Government guidance: 2.7.20. Reviewed:1.9.20, 14.9.20, 12.1.21

From 5 January 2021 we have restricted attendance to those pupils defined as vulnerable children or those with parents whose work is critical to the coronavirus and EU transition response.

Children of critical workers and vulnerable children who can access schools or educational settings - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)

To restrict numbers on site we have:

- Asked parents to keep their children at home if they can
- Asked for evidence that the parent(s) is/are a critical worker(s)

We note government guidance as follows:

"We know that every school will have a different number of children of critical workers who need to attend. It is important that on-site provision is provided for these pupils, and there is no limit to numbers of these pupils who may attend and schools should not limit attendance of these groups. This is because we are reducing overall social contact across areas and the country rather than individually by each institution."

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/guidance-for-full-opening-schools

To address the possibility of being infected with or transmitting Covid-19 during all of a school's activity, Government advice (as of 15.5.20) stated: The virus that causes Covid-19 is mainly transmitted through droplets generated when an infected person coughs sneezes or speaks. These droplets are too heavy to hang in the air. They quickly fall on floors or surfaces. The advice for schools, colleges and childcare settings was to follow steps on social distancing, handwashing, good and cleaning of surfaces as now described in https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/staying-alert-and-safe-social-distancing

Government guidance is based on their findings that:

- severity of disease in children there is high scientific confidence that children of all ages have less severe symptoms than adults if they contract coronavirus
- the age of children there is moderately high scientific confidence that younger children are less likely to become unwell if infected with coronavirus

In all education, childcare and social care settings, preventing the spread of coronavirus (COVID-19) involves dealing with direct transmission (for instance, when in close contact with those sneezing and coughing) and indirect transmission (via touching contaminated surfaces). A range of approaches and actions should be employed to do this. These can be seen as a hierarchy of controls that, when implemented, creates an inherently safer system, where the risk of transmission of infection is substantially reduced. These include:

- minimising contact with individuals who are unwell by ensuring that those who have coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms, or who have someone in their household who does, do not attend childcare settings, schools or colleges
- cleaning hands more often than usual wash hands thoroughly for 20 seconds with running water and soap and dry them thoroughly or use alcohol hand rub or sanitiser ensuring that all parts of the hands are covered
- ensuring good respiratory hygiene by promoting the 'catch it, bin it, kill it' approach
- cleaning frequently touched surfaces often using standard products, such as detergents and bleach
- minimising contact and mixing by altering, as much as possible, the environment (such as classroom layout) and timetables (such as staggered break times)

For September these are adpated, essential measures include:

- a requirement that people who are ill stay at home
- robust hand and respiratory hygiene
- enhanced cleaning arrangements
- active engagement with NHS Test and Trace
- formal consideration of how to reduce contacts and maximise distancing between those in school wherever possible and minimise potential for contamination so far as is reasonably practicable

How contacts are reduced will depend on the school's circumstances and will (as much as possible) include:

- grouping children together
- avoiding contact between groups
- arranging classrooms with forward facing desks
- staff maintaining distance from pupils and other staff as much as possible

All schools should also review and update their wider risk assessments and consider the need for relevant revised controls in respect of their conventional risk profile considering the implications of coronavirus (COVID-19). This risk assessment should be shared with staff, the wider school community and pupils (where appropriate). Trade Unions should be consulted with.

Read alongside BCC guidance on Returning to Education https://www.bristollearningcity.com/bcc-guidance-supporting-the-return-to-formal-education/

IMPORTANT: If you or someone in your home has a symptoms of Covid-19 (a new, continuous cough or a high temperature, or has a loss of, or change in, their normal sense of taste or smell (anosmia)), STAY AT HOME and CALL 111 or https://www.nhs.uk/conditions/coronavirus-covid-19/symptoms/ https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-stay-at-home-quidance

SECTION 1- Identifying Hazards and Existing Precautions

This section details the hazards and what is already in place to control them. Add or remove and then describe further control measures you will undertake in Section 2.

What is the Task/Activity or Workplace Environment You Are Assessing?	What Hazards Are Present or May Be Generated?	Who is affected or exposed to hazards?	What is the Potential Severity of Harm (Risk Rating Matrix Table 1)?	What Precautions are Already in Place to Either Eliminate or Reduce The Risk of an Accident Happening (Existing Controls)?	What is the Likelihood of harm occurring? (Risk Rating Matrix Table 1)?	What is The Risk Rating (See Note Below & Risk Rating Matrix Table 2)
School buildings	Buildings and systems e.g. heating & water systems not functioning safely after period of closure or partial closure	Staff pupils, visitors	serious	Government guidelines https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/managing-school-premises- during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/managing-school-premises-which-are- partially-open-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak HSE GUIDANCE: https://www.hse.gov.uk/coronavirus/working-safely/index.htm https://www.cibse.org/coronavirus-covid-19/emerging-from-lockdown	possible	medium

Buildings	Air-conditioning system circulates virus present in school	Staff pupils, visitors	serious	https://www.hse.gov.uk/coronavirus/equipment-and-machinery/air-conditioning-and-ventilation.htm No air-conditioning in school	Improbable	Low
Buildings	Ventilation	Staff, pupils, visitors	serious	The guidance (dated 21/10/2020) now includes this section in addition to general ventilation guidance (https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/guidance-for-full-opening-schools: "To balance the need for increased ventilation while maintaining a comfortable temperature, the following measures should also be used as appropriate: opening high level windows in preference to low level to reduce draughts increasing the ventilation while spaces are unoccupied (e.g. between classes, during break and lunch, when a room is unused) providing flexibility to allow additional, suitable indoor clothing. For more information see School uniform rearranging furniture where possible to avoid direct drafts Heating should be used as necessary to ensure comfort levels are maintained particularly in occupied spaces".	possible	high
Travel to and from schools	1. Potential for infection with Covid- 19 by being in close (under 2m) proximity to an infected person who projects virus through airborne droplet transmission (e.g. cough)or by transferring virus from a surface to inside body 2. Infecting others, as above	Staff, pupils, visitors	major	Existing Public Health England (PHE) /Government Guidance https://www.gov.uk/guidance/coronavirus-covid-19-uk-transport- and-travel-advice Face coverings are required at all times on public transport (for children over the age of 11)	possible	high
Staffing allocation	As 1 and 2 above	Staff, pupils, visitors	major	Current DfE advice https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/guidance-for-full-opening-schools	possible	high

Staff and pupils at higher risk. Shielding	As 1 above	Staff, pupils, visitors	major	https://www.gov.uk/guidance/education-and-childcare-settings-new-national-restrictions-from-5-november-2020 https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/guidance-on-shielding-and-protecting-extremely-vulnerable-persons-from-covid-19/guidance-on-shielding-and-protecting-extremely-vulnerable-persons-from-covid-19#cev	possible	high
				Clinically extremely vulnerable children and staff follow action plan below Any pregnant woman who is considered to be extremely clinically vulnerable will, in line with national shielding guidance be supported to work at home for the duration of the lockdown period. See details in Action Plan.		
Poor hygiene	As 1 and 2 above	Staff, pupils, visitors	major	Existing good practices and Government advice https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/safe-working-in- education-childcare-and-childrens-social-care/safe-working-in- education-childcare-and-childrens-social-care-settings-including- the-use-of-personal-protective-equipment-ppe https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools- during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/guidance-for-full-opening- schools	possible	high
Access to and egress from buildings	As 1 and 2 above	Staff, pupils, visitors	major	Existing Public Health England (PHE) /Government Guidance https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/guidance-for-full-opening-schools	possible	high
Corridors	As 1 and 2 above	Staff, pupils, visitors	major	https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/guidance-for-full-opening-schools	possible	high
Playgrounds/ outside areas	As 1 and 2 above	Staff, pupils, visitors	major	https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/guidance-for-full-opening-schools#A	possible	high
Assemblies	As 1 and 2 above	Staff, pupils, visitors	major	https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/guidance-for-full-opening-schools	possible	high
Dining areas	As 1 and 2 above	Staff, pupils, visitors	major	https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/guidance-for-full-opening-schools	possible	high

				guidance for food businesses on coronavirus (COVID-19).		
Classrooms	As 1 and 2 above	Staff, pupils, visitors	major	Grouping pupils We are following government guidance as follows: Restricting attendance during the national lockdown: schools (publishing.service.gov.uk) This states that: Whilst schools are attended by vulnerable children and the children of critical workers only, where possible schools should keep group sizes small. For children old enough, they should also be supported to maintain distance and not touch staff where possible. Any additional space available where there are lower numbers of pupils attending, should be used wherever possible to maximise the distance between pupils and between staff and other people. Additional space available owing to reduced numbers will be deployed where possible to maximise the distance between pupils and between staff and other people. https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/guidance-for-full-opening-schools	possible	high
School activities	Transmission of infection with Covid-19 during school activities	Staff, pupils, visitors	major	https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/guidance-for-full-opening-schools	possible	high
External providers, visitors, supply teachers and contractors	As 1 and 2 above	Staff, pupils, visitors	major	Breakfast and After School Club We will continue to offer this provision for children attending our site during the lockdown period. Guidance for operating during the lockdown period may be found as follows: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/protective- measures-for-holiday-or-after-school-clubs-and-other- out-of-school-settings-for-children-during-the- coronavirus-covid-19-outbreak/protective-measures-for- out-of-school-settings-during-the-coronavirus-covid-19- outbreak https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools- during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/guidance-for-full-opening- schools	Possible	high
Deliveries	As 1 and 2 above	staff		Existing Public Health England (PHE) /Government general guidance as above https://www.gov.uk/coronavirus https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/guidance-to-	possible	high

				employers-and-businesses-about-covid-19		
Cleaning	As 1 and 2 above	Staff, pupils, visitors	major	Existing Public Health England (PHE) /Government guidance as above https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-decontamination-in-non-healthcare-settings Government is to 'publish revised guidance by the end of the Summer Term'	possible	high
Jse of Changing acilities, showers and drying rooms	As 1 and 2 above	Staff, pupils, visitors	major	https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools- during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/guidance-for-full-opening- schools	possible	high
Discovery of (or by) a person with Covid-19 ymptoms	As 1 and 2 above	Staff, pupils, visitors	major	https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/coronavirus-covid- 19-implementing-protective-measures-in-education-and- childcare-settings/coronavirus-covid-19-implementing-protective- measures-in-education-and-childcare-settings	possible	high
Emergency evacuations	As 1 and 2 above	Staff, pupils, visitors	major	Emergency procedures We have briefed staff who are aware of the measures to take in the event of an emergency evacuation or lockdown. Registers for different groups will be required. Safe evacuation/lockdown takes priority over the maintenance of social distancing arrangements temporarily. Schools' specific evacuation plan	possible	high
ltered teaching rotocols/ urriculum	Stress	Teaching staff, pupils	major	Existing DfE guidelines BCC EAP	possible	high
isplay Screen se	Inadequate set-up leads to injury	Staff working from home or in different locations	serious	https://www.hse.gov.uk/msd/dse/	possible	medium
Norking with pupils who are experiencing stress or trauma	Secondary and vicarious trauma:	All staff	major	BCC EAP	possible	high
Safeguarding	Pupil becomes isolated due to need for home learning	Pupils	Major	Pupil well being and safeguarding Parents/carers of vulnerable children and young people will be encouraged to take up a place. If identified vulnerable children and young people do not attend, we will:	Possible	high
	Poor E-safety and increased use of online resources	pupils	major	• work together with the local authority and social worker (where applicable) to follow up with the parent or carer to explore the reason for absence, discussing their concerns using supporting	possible	ingii

	eads to hazards peing experienced Pupil's loss of	pupils	Serious	guidance considering the child's circumstances and their best interests * work together with the local authority and social worker (where applicable) and other relevant partners to encourage the child or young person to attend educational provision, particularly where the social worker agrees that the child or young person's attendance would be appropriate Where we grant a leave of absence to a vulnerable child or young person we will still speak to parents and carers, and social workers (where applicable) to explore the reasons for this and any concerns raised. These discussions will focus on the welfare of the child or young person and ensuring that the child or young person is able to access appropriate education and support while they are at home. Where providers have had to temporarily stop on-site provision on public health advice, they should inform the local authority to discuss alternative arrangements for vulnerable children and young people and work towards welcoming back pupils as soon as possible, where feasible to do so. We will continue to have regard to the statutory safeguarding guidance, keeping children safe in education. We will review our child protection policy (led by their designated safeguarding lead) to reflect the move to remote education for most pupils. (In some cases, a coronavirus (COVID-19) annex or addendum that summarises related changes might be more effective than rewriting and re-issuing the whole policy). All staff working in the school (including supply staff) will be made aware of the revised policy. All those working in school will be made aware of the process for contacting the Designated Safeguarding Lead. A DSL will be available at all times whilst the school is operating. **Inters/www.gov.uk/goverment/publicallons/cowi-19-safeguarding-in-schools-colleges-and-other providers/coronavirus-coyid-19-safeguarding-in-schools-colleges-and-other providers/coronavirus-coyid-19-safeguarding-in-schools-colleges-and-other providers/coronavirus-coyid-19-safeguarding-in-sch	possible	
provision	education and vellbeing	pupilo	School	Existing education? Worldie provision		

Face coverings	As 1 and 2 above	All	Major	Guidance for Full Opening of Schools 30.8.20	possible	high
Prevention of spread				The government is not recommending universal use of face coverings in all schools. Schools that teach children in years 7 and above and which are not under specific local restriction measures will have the discretion to require face coverings for pupils, staff and visitors in areas outside the classroom where social distancing cannot easily be maintained, such as corridors and communal areas and it has been deemed appropriate in those circumstances. Primary school children will not need to wear a face covering.		
NOTE: If the rick	rating is either High Vo	ry High Modium or	Low proceed to see	In primary schools where social distancing is not possible in areas outside of classrooms between members of staff or visitors, for example in staffrooms, headteachers will have the discretion to decide whether to ask staff or visitors to wear, or agree to them wearing face coverings in these circumstances.	roquirod	
NOTE: If the risk	rating is either High, ve	ry nign, wealum or	Low proceed to sec	tion 2. If the risk rating is No Significant Risk no further action is	s requirea.	

What is the Hazard You Need to Control?	What additional precautions do you need to either eliminate the risks or to reduce the risk to: at least the MEDIUM RISK RATING or ideally the LOW RISK RATING.	Who is Responsible For Implementing These Controls?	When Are These Controls to be Implemented (Date)?	When Were These Controls Implemented (Date)?
Buildings and systems e.g. heating will not be functioning safely after period of closure or partial closure	Government guidance All systems should be checked: heating, water safety, CCTV, kitchen, fire alarm and safety systems, gas, security, ventilation, fire exits etc. A deep clean will be needed following cleaning guidance.	Site staff/ Headteacher	30.8.20	28.8.20
Air-conditioning system circulates virus present in school	Follow https://www.hse.gov.uk/coronavirus/equipment-and-machinery/air-conditioning-and-ventilation.htm No air- conditioning on site	Site staff	30.8.20	28.8.20
Transmission due to lack of ventilation	The guidance (dated 21/10/2020) now includes this section in addition to general ventilation guidance (https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/guidance-for-full-opening-schools: "To balance the need for increased ventilation while maintaining a comfortable temperature, the following measures should also be used as appropriate: • opening high level windows in preference to low level to reduce draughts	All staff	2.11.20	2.11.20

	 increasing the ventilation while spaces are unoccupied (e.g. between classes, during break and lunch, when a room is unused) providing flexibility to allow additional, suitable indoor clothing. For more information see School uniform rearranging furniture where possible to avoid direct drafts 			
Transmission of or infection with Covid-19 during travel to and from schools	Heating should be used as necessary to ensure comfort levels are maintained particularly in occupied spaces". Avoid use of public transport wherever possible and use staggered start times to alleviate pressure on public transport Where unavoidable follow PHE guidance https://www.gov.uk/guidance/coronavirus-covid-19-safer-travel-guidance-for-passengers	All staff and visitors	1.9.20	8.6.20
Transmission of or infection with Covid-19 due to inappropriate staffing allocation	Staffing allocation by Headteacher may need to be done on a daily basis and consider the following: Authorisation onto the school site will be by the Headteacher. No persons should enter the site if they have Covid-19 symptoms. All staff (incl.PPA, Supply cover, peripatetic etc.) medical needs to be discussed with the Headteacher prior to them entering the school. Contingency planning to be reviewed in the light of possible absence of key staff e.g. caretaker/site manager. Government guidance says that the relevation in prevalence of covid-19 means most of a school's workforce should attend. The risk to staff who were shielding etc is mitigated by using all these controls! However the advice to those in the most at risk categories is to take particular care while community transmission rates continue to fall See: Staff must have read the risk assessment or school protocol for safe working in school and agree to adhere to it before entering. Staff to confirm if they plan to go into school and this will be confirmed by the Headteacher. Recruitment: Becruitment: Becruitmen	Headteacher	1.9.20	8.6.20

	Staff to follow social distancing guidance in offices/staff rooms/close working in rooms etc. There is an emphasis on ensure social distancing, therefore the smallest number of staff are allocated to a classroom – they are spread out across the school site and in classroom bases. Any lone working should be subject to a review of a school's policy. See: http://intranet.bcc.lan/ccm/navigation/support.services/safety-at-work/lone-working/or https://www.hse.gov.uk/lone-working/employer/index.htm Staff to avoid the use of the staff room unless for individual use when using essential equipment Staff to avoid non-essential trips within the buildings Avoid employees working face-to-face. Create opportunities to work side-by-side or facing away from each other where possible Use screens to create a physical barrier between people where appropriate i.e. protective screening for staff in receptions or similar areas Staggering break times to reduce pressure on the break rooms, using outside areas for breaks	Head teacher	6.14.20	(11.20
Transmission of virus to high risk groups. Shielding staff and pupils.	Jan 5th Staff working from home We will support staff who are concerned about attending the workplace during the lockdown period. CVE staff and pupils should follow the national guidance and guidance from their NHS letters and shield at home. Clinically extremely vulnerable children and staff https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/guidance-on-shielding-and-protecting-extremely-vulnerable-persons-from-covid-19/guidance-on-shielding-and-protecting-extremely-vulnerable-persons-from-covid-19#cev Children	Head teacher	6.11.20	6.11.20 12.1.21
	More evidence has emerged that shows there is a very low risk of children becoming very unwell from coronavirus (COVID-19), even for children with existing health conditions. Most children originally identified as clinically extremely vulnerable no longer need to follow original shielding advice. Parents should be advised to speak to their child's GP or specialist clinician if they have not already done so, to understand whether their child should still be classed as clinically extremely vulnerable. Those children whose doctors have confirmed they are still clinically extremely vulnerable are advised not to attend education whilst the national restrictions are in place. Schools will need to make appropriate arrangements to enable			
	them to continue their education at home. Children who live with someone who is clinically extremely vulnerable, but who are not clinically extremely vulnerable themselves, should still attend education. Parents of clinically extremely vulnerable children will be receiving a letter shortly confirming this advice. Staff			
	Those individuals who are clinically extremely vulnerable are advised to work from home and not to go into work. Individuals in this group will have been identified through a letter from the NHS or from their GP, and may have been advised to shield in the past. Staff should talk to their employers about how they will be supported, including to work			

	from home where possible, during the period of national restrictions.			
	All other staff should continue to attend work, including those living in a household with someone who is clinically extremely vulnerable.			
	Clinically vulnerable staff and children			
	Staff and children who are clinically vulnerable or have underlying health conditions but are not clinically extremely vulnerable, may continue to attend school in line with current guidance. Pregnant staff			
	We have taken note of government guidance (7/1/21) as follows:			
	Any pregnant woman who is considered to be extremely clinically vulnerable will, in line with national shielding guidance be supported to work at home for the duration of the lockdown period.			
	If home working is not possible, Pregnant women are considered 'clinically vulnerable' to coronavirus (COVID-19) and therefore require special consideration as set out in the guidance for pregnant employees.			
	We will carry out a risk assessment to follow the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 (MHSW). More information is available on <u>workplace risk assessment for vulnerable people vulnerable people working in other industries</u> . Information contained in the <u>Royal College of Obstetricians and Gynaecologists</u> , <u>Royal College of Midwives guidance on coronavirus (COVID-19)</u> in pregnancy should be used as the basis for a risk assessment.			
	Pregnant women of any gestation will not be required to continue working if this is not supported by the risk assessment.			
	We note that pregnant women from 28 weeks' gestation, or with underlying health conditions at any gestation, may be at greater risk of severe illness from coronavirus (COVID-19). This is because, although pregnant women of any gestation are at no more risk of contracting the virus than any other non-pregnant person who is in similar health, for those women who are 28 weeks pregnant and beyond there is an increased risk of becoming severely ill, and of pre-term birth, should they contract coronavirus (COVID-19). This is also the case for pregnant women with underlying health conditions that place them at greater risk of severe illness from coronavirus (COVID-19).			
	All pregnant women will, as part of the risk assessment process be advised to practise frequent thorough hand washing, and cleaning of frequently touched areas in their home or workspace, and follow the measures set out in the system of controls section of this risk assessment to minimise the risks of transmission.			
	Pregnant women are not advised to be vaccinated against COVID-19.			
ansmission of or	Maintenance of good hygiene is essential: Providing additional handwashing facilities will aid this. In addition A cleaning schedule will be implemented throughout the site, ensuring that contact points, e.g. work-surfaces, door handles, taps etc. are all thoroughly cleaned and disinfected regularly.	All staff and visitors	1.9.20	8.6.20
nfection with Covid-19	Good hygiene			

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due to poor hygiene	https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/coronavirus-covid-19-implementing-protective-measures-in-education-and-childcare-settings			
	Keep 2m away from others at all times as far as reasonably practicable. Minimum for children: My Personal Space (my outstretched arm) plus your Personal Space (your outstretched arm, not touching) equals social distance.			
	For short periods where 2m distance is not possible, e.g. giving first aid: fluid-resistant surgical face mask should be worn by the supervising adult if a distance of 2 metres cannot be maintained.			
	Washing/sanitising hands hourly Use soap and water for at least 20 seconds using hand washing technique to be adopted as directed by NHS guidance. Use alcohol-based hand sanitiser if soap and water is not available			
	Face coverings are not advised by PHE or government guidance in school.			
	Avoid touching hands to face but if necessary clean before and afterwards			
	Cover your cough or sneeze with a tissue then throw it in the bin. Have extra tissues available. If tissues cannot be reached in time cough into the crook of your arm.			
	Restrict the number of people using toilet facilities at any one time e.g. staff to supervise.			
	Provide suitable and sufficient lidded bins for hand towels with regular removal and disposal and tissues available close to hand around the buildings.			
	Sites may need extra supplies of soap, hand sanitiser and paper towels and these should be securely stored.			
	Talks must be carried out for all people on site, warning them of the risks posed by the virus as well as the control measures outlined in this assessment and from government guidance. This will include informing people of the known symptoms.			
	Consider having one route for entering the building and separate one for exiting if possible or different groups using different entrances and exits where possible.			8.6.20
Transmission of or infection with Covid-19 due to congestion	Consider staggered arrival times	All staff and visitors	1.9.20	
during access to and egress from buildings	In reception areas			
	Wash/sanitise hands on arrival and departure			
	Use automatic doors where available			
	Avoid having to touch surfaces where possible.			
	Keep number of visitors as low as possible.			
	Stagger arrival times and explain rationale.			
	Advise parents/carers of need to minimise numbers of people in building before school opens. Limit parent access inside building			
	Notices to inform of protocols - No persons should enter the site if they have Covid-19 symptoms, 2m distance, hand washing / sanitising etc.			
	All people should be required to stay on site once they have entered it and not leave site unless absolutely necessary during the day to minimise potential of transmission of Covid-19			

	Payments to schools should be taken by contactless methods wherever possible Use screens to protect reception staff Plan safe collection system for pupils to leave and for parents/carers at end of school sessions – e.g. staggered times for leaving /collection and demarcated designated waiting areas			
Transmission of or infection with Covid-19 due to corridor congestion	Whilst brief passing in a corridor is low risk, use social distancing guidelines of 1m+ minimum distance wherever possible. Use visual reminders of the 1m+ distance e.g. on floors and walls Keep movement around school to a minimum.	All staff	1.9.20	8.6.20
Transmission of or infection with Covid-19 due to poor arrangements in dining Hall/ canteen congestion	Food and drink should only be consumed in dedicated facilities. Break times should be staggered to reduce congestion and contact at all times and to allow cleaning between groups. Hand cleaning facilities or hand sanitiser should be available at the entrance of any room where people eat and should be used by all people when entering and leaving the area. Where possible all persons should bring drinking bottles from home. All persons should sit 1 m+ apart from each other whilst eating and avoid all contact. Reconfigure seating to accommodate safe spacing. Where catering is provided on site cutlery provided should be handed out by staff wearing gloves or allocated separately to users and not provided in communal storage where users select their own. Food displays should be protected against contamination by coughing, sneezing, etc. Payments should be taken by contactless methods wherever possible. Drinking water should be provided and enhanced cleaning measures of the tap mechanism introduced. Tables and chairs should be cleaned between each use. All rubbish and waste should be put straight in the bin by the user and not left for someone else to clear up. All areas used for eating must be thoroughly cleaned at the end of each break and shift, including chairs, door handles, vending machines and payment devices. Staff Room Staff Room Staff must clean surfaces and equipment used as they finish. Time needed for staff to use staff rooms may be longer Staff to have own utensils etc. in staff room. Clean kettles, fridges etc.	All staff	1.9.20	8.6.20

Transmission of or infection with virus in playgrounds/ outside areas	As a minimum My Personal Space + your Personal Space (without touching) = social distance to be observed wherever possible. Staggered use of outdoors and the spaces within is advisable. E.g. staggered break and lunchtimes. Playground equipment: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-guidance-for-managing-playgrounds-and-outdoor-gyms/covid-19-guidance-for-managing-playgrounds-and-outdoor-gyms Outdoor equipment should be cleaned in between uses by different groups of pupils or allowed to air for 72 hours. For this reason sand is problematic so no outdoor sand.	All staff	1.9.20	8.6.20
Transmission of or infection with Covid-19 due to congestion in assemblies	Class assemblies and streamed assemblies.	All staff	1.9.20	8.6.20
Transmission of or infection with Covid-19 due to classroom congestion	Staff are to maintain a safe distance between each other (2 metres) wherever possible. Children must be encouraged to do the same. In particular, they should avoid close face to face contact and minimise time spent within 1 metre of anyone. In classrooms children should be sat side by side, not facing each other, Staff should stay at the front of the room Maintaining distinct groups or 'bubbles' that do not mix makes it quicker and easier in the event of a positive case to identify those who may need to self-isolate, and keep that number as small as possible. Schools must do everything possible to minimise contacts and mixing while delivering a broad and balanced curriculum. Which of the two measures used, maintaining distancing and keeping groups separate, will be dependent upon the age of children concerned and the space available in the buildings. Keep a simple record of children and staff in each group, where they go and who they have contact with in school. Grouping pupils We are following government guidance as follows: Restricting attendance during the national lockdown: schools (publishing.service.gov.uk) This states that: Whilst schools are attended by vulnerable children and the children of critical workers only, where possible schools should keep group sizes small. For children old enough, they should also be supported to maintain distance and not touch staff where possible. Any additional space available where there are lower numbers of pupils attending, should be used wherever possible to maximise the distance between pupils and between staff and other people. Additional space available owing to reduced numbers will be deployed where possible to maximise the distance between pupils and between staff and other people. All persons are to wash their hands upon entering school and following visits to the toilet. Strict hygiene rules to be implemented, all staff to be asked to do the following: - Wash hands on arrival, at play times and lunchtimes and after going to the toilet - Wash hands of	All staff	1.9.20	8.6.20 12.1.21

	Only use cleaning products supplied by the school. Equipment: Ensure all equipment used is cleaned daily or more often when used. Individual and very frequently used equipment such as pencils/pens should be kept and used by one person only. Sports, art and science materials should be cleaned between different groups' uses or left out of use for 48hours (72 for plastics). Equipment brought from outside school should be kept to essentials only. Resources such as books should be taken home only if they are essential to home learning and should be isolated as with other shared equipment upon return and hands washed after handling. Staff to staff interaction; Staff should only complete activities which relate directly to their job descriptions which cannot be completed at home. Teachers may only complete tasks relating to the Teachers Standards which cannot be completed at home. No physical contact. No close contact activities (2 metre distance). Activities and resources All resources to be cleaned after use (including computers).			
Transmission or infection with Covid-19 during school activities	Music lessons involving singing, chanting, playing wind instruments - reduce the risk, particularly when pupils are playing instruments or singing in small groups such as in music lessons by, for example, physical distancing and playing outside wherever possible, limiting group sizes to no more than 15, positioning pupils back-to-back or side-to-side, avoiding sharing of instruments, and ensuring good ventilation. PE: Keep consistent groups, clean equipment between groups, no contact sports. Use outdoors as a priority but if not	All staff and pupils	1.9.20	28.8.20
	available use the maximum distance possible indoors. Consider the likelihood of accidents occurring and necessitating close contact with pupils. Use of indoor sand trays is possible if cleaned/dried between different groups' use. Modelling/Playdough or paint should not be shared. Make individual pots of dough and have individual paints.			
Transmission of or infection with Covid-19 by external providers, supply teachers,	School visits: Allowed now but no overnight UK or continental visits Only contractors carrying out essential maintenance deemed necessary to the safe running of the school are to be allowed on site and will read and comply with signs in reception regarding good hygiene. No persons should enter the site if they have Covid-19 symptoms.	All staff	1.9.20	8.6.20
visitors and contractors	 Staff and contractors are to maintain a safe distance between themselves and others (2 metres). All contractors are to wash/sanitise their hands upon entering the site. Strict hygiene rules to be implemented, all contractors are to be asked to do the following: Wash hands on entry into individual work areas – or use alcohol-based hand sanitiser. Repeat the hand washing/sanitising every hour. 			

	Site inductions are to be carried out following social distancing principles (2m separation).			
	The contractor is to notify the premises staff of all areas visited, in order that these can then be thoroughly cleaned.			
	Supply teachers, peripatetic teachers and/or other temporary staff can move between schools. They should ensure they minimise contact and maintain as much distance as possible from other staff.			
	Keep a record of who visits, when and where they went.			
Transmission of or infection with Covid-19 during deliveries	Deliveries will need to be scheduled ringing ahead to warn of imminent arrival by drivers should be asked for Drivers should wash or clean their hands before unloading goods and materials. Drivers should leave packages in a safe place –school staff not to approach delivery staff Hands are to be thoroughly washed after handling all deliveries or waste materials. Waste to bags and containers - to be kept closed.	All staff	1.9.20	8.6.20
	Waste collections to be made when the minimum number of people are on site (i.e. after normal opening hours).			
	Continue to follow Government guidance.	All staff	1.9.20	8.6.20
Transmission of or infection with Covid-19	Now, different groups don't need to be allocated their own toilet blocks, but toilets will need to be cleaned regularly and pupils must be encouraged to clean their hands thoroughly after using the toilet			
due to inadequate cleaning	Fixtures and fittings which are high-use will need frequent cleaning e.g. door handles, play equipment,			
	Regularly clean the hand washing facilities and check soap and sanitiser levels.			
	Provide suitable and sufficient rubbish bins for hand towels with regular removal and disposal.			
	Sites may need extra supplies of soap, hand sanitiser and paper towels and these should be securely stored. Hand sanitiser is not to be made by the school (CLEAPSS)			
	A cleaning schedule will be implemented throughout the site, ensuring that contact points, e.g. work-surfaces, door handles, taps etc. are all thoroughly cleaned and disinfected regularly.			
	Cleaning protocol is as follows:			
	 Extra attention is to be given to frequently-touched areas and surfaces, e.g. doors, toilets, door handles, finger plates, phones, light switches and door fobs, window handles, taps, sinks, shared keyboards & mice, etc. 			
	Classrooms to be cleaned in lunchbreaks			
	Hand towels and hand wash are to be checked and replaced as needed by the Site Manager and cleaning staff as appropriate			
	Enhance the cleaning regimes for toilet facilities, particularly door handles, locks and the toilet flush, etc.			

	Only cleaning products supplied by the school are to be used.			
	 Lidded bins should be used throughout where available with liners inside 			
Transmission of or infection with Covid-19 during use of changing facilities/showers/drying rooms	Introduce staggered start and finish times to reduce congestion and contact at all times. Introduce enhanced cleaning of all facilities throughout the day and at the end of each day. Consider increasing the number or size of facilities available on site if possible. Based on the size of each facility, determine how many people can use it at any one time to maintain a distance of two metres. Provide suitable and sufficient, lidded rubbish bins in these areas with regular removal and disposal. Bin liners should be used in all bins	All staff	1.9.20	8.6.20
Transmission of or infection with Covid-19 during discovery of (or by) a person with Covid-19 symptoms	If a person displays symptoms - A high temperature or a new persistent cough, a loss of or change to sense of smell or isste they should: Notify the Headteacher immediately who should contact PHE SW HPT on 0300 303 8162 and make a list of the contacts that person has had – direct close contacts, proximity contacts and contact while travelling in a car. See: Govt guidance at the top of this document. Avoid touching anything. Go home immediately (Children accompanied by their parent, etc). All other persons are to maintain a safe distance from affected individual. If they need to cough or sneeze this should be into a tissue which is then put into a bin, or if they do not have tissues, cough and sneeze into the crook of their elbow. If the person is a child PPE should be worn by the adult supporting them as they await collection. A fluid-resistant surgical face mask should be worn by the supervising adult if a distance of 2 metres cannot be maintained. They must then follow the guidance on self-isolation of 10 days—(the day of onset of symptoms plus 9) and not return to school until their period of self-isolation has been completed. The household should self-isolate for 14 days They should be advised to get tested Contact NHS online 111 or call 119. If their test is positive they should follow the gov guidance: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-infection	All staff	1.9.20	8.6.20

	 If their test is negative and they still have symptoms they could have a cold or flu and so should stay away to avoid infecting others. Keep confidential pupils and staff who test positive for coronavirus unless it is essential to protect others. 			
	Areas occupied and equipment used by the affected person are to be thoroughly cleaned and disinfected.			

Injury due to inadequate DSE set-up	Carry out assessments staff working in new areas/home etc.	All staff	1.9.20	8.6.20
Secondary and Vicarious Trauma	Make relevant managers/staff aware of risks. Conduct training. Emphasise BCC EAP.	All staff	1.9.20	8.6.20
Pupil becomes isolated due to need for home learning	Continue to make consistent contact with pupil and family	Staff	1.9.20	8.6.20
Poor E-safety and increased use of online	Review and revise E-safety policies and teaching	Staff		
resources leads to hazards experienced	https://www.gov.uk/government/news/extra-mental-health-support-for-pupils-and-teachers https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/keeping-children-safe-in-education2			
Pupil's loss of education and	Remote learning must happen at all times when learning would be undertaken if a pupil was in school	staff	1.9.20	8.6.20
wellbeing	Consider access to home learning https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/coronavirus-covid-19-online-education-resources			
	Consider applying for government-funded access to one of two free-to-use digital education platforms https://covid19.thekeysupport.com/covid-19/deliver-remote-learning/make-tech-work-you/digital-education-platform-hub/			
	Access to: https://get-help-with-tech.education.gov.uk/about-bt-wifi			
	https://www.bristollearningcity.com/bcc-guidance-supporting-the-return-to-formal-education/			
	Consider how to support SEND in the return to full school attendance https://www.sendgateway.org.uk/training-events.html			
	https://covid.minded.org.uk/			
	Healthy child programme: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/healthy-child-programme-0-to-19-health-visitor-and-school-nurse-commissioning			
	DfE coronavirus helpline: Telephone 0800 046 8687 Email DfE.CoronavirusHelpline@education.gov.uk			
Transmission of infection Wearing Face Coverings 30.8.20	The government is not recommending universal use of face coverings in all schools. Schools that teach children in years 7 and above and which are not under specific local restriction measures will have the discretion to require face coverings for pupils, staff and visitors in areas outside the classroom where social distancing cannot easily be maintained, such as corridors and communal areas and it has been deemed appropriate in those circumstances. Primary school children will not need to wear a face covering.	All	1.9.20 14.9.20	1.9.20 14.9.20 12.1.21

14.9.20

In particular, schools that teach years 7 and above may decide to recommend the wearing of face coverings for pupils, staff or visitors in communal areas outside the classroom where the layout of the schools makes it difficult to maintain social distancing when staff and pupils are moving around the premises, for example, corridors.

In primary schools where social distancing is not possible in areas outside of classrooms between members of staff or visitors, for example in staffrooms, headteachers will have the discretion to decide whether to ask staff or visitors to wear, or agree to them wearing face coverings in these circumstances.

Holymead will be adopting this measure and asking staff and visitors to wear face coverings where possible, both inside and outside the school sites including in the classroom where social distancing is not possible. Staff may wear face coverings wherever they feel they need to.

12.1.21 advice is that face visors or shields should not routinely be worn as an alternative to face coverings. They may protect against droplet spread in specific circumstances but are unlikely to be effective in preventing aerosol transmission, and therefore in a school environment are unlikely to offer appropriate protection to the wearer. Staff are therefore advised to keep a mask on if they choose to wear a shield.

Based on current evidence and the measures that schools are already putting in place, such as the system of controls and consistent bubbles, face coverings will not be necessary in the classroom even where social distancing is not possible. Face coverings would have a negative impact on teaching and their use in the classroom should be avoided.

Where local restrictions apply

In areas where local lockdowns or restrictions are in place, face coverings should be worn by adults and pupils (in years 7 and above) in areas outside classrooms when moving around communal areas where social distancing is difficult to maintain such as corridors.

In the event of new local restrictions being imposed, schools will need to communicate quickly and clearly to staff, parents, pupils that the new arrangements require the use of face coverings in certain circumstances.

Exemptions

Some individuals are exempt from wearing face coverings. This applies to those who:

- cannot put on, wear or remove a face covering because of a physical or mental illness or impairment or disability
- speak to or provide assistance to someone who relies on lip reading, clear sound or facial expression to communicate

The same exemptions will apply in education settings, and we would expect teachers and other staff to be sensitive to those needs.

Access to face coverings

It is reasonable to assume that staff and young people will now have access to face coverings due to their increasing use in wider society, and Public Health England has made available resources on how to make a simple face covering.

However, where anybody is struggling to access a face covering, or where they are unable to use their face covering due to having forgotten it or it having become soiled or unsafe, education settings should take steps to have a small contingency supply available to meet such needs.

No-one should be excluded from education on the grounds that they are not wearing a face covering.
Safe wearing and removal of face coverings
Schools should have a process for removing face coverings when those who use face coverings arrive at school, and when face coverings are worn at school in certain circumstances. This process should be communicated clearly to pupils and staff.
Safe wearing of face coverings requires cleaning of hands before and after touching – including to remove or put them on – and the safe storage of them in individual, sealable plastic bags between use. Where a face covering becomes damp, it should not be worn and the face covering should be replaced carefully.
Pupils must be instructed not to touch the front of their face covering during use or when removing it and they must dispose of temporary face coverings in a 'black bag' waste bin (not recycling bin) or place reusable face coverings in a plastic bag they can take home with them, and then wash their hands again before heading to their classroom.

RISK RATING MATRIX (Notes To Aid Completion Of The Risk Assessment Format) Table 1

Potential Severity of Harm	Meaning	Likelihood of Harm	Meaning
	Death, major injuries or ill health causing long- term disability/absence from work.	High Likelihood	Occurs repeatedly / event only to be expected
Serious Injury	,	Possible	Moderate chance/could occur sometimes
	Injuries or ill health causing short-term disability/absence from work (over three days)	Improbable	So unlikely that probability is close to zero
	Injuries or ill health causing no significant long- term effects and no significant absence from work		

	High Likelihood	Possible	Improbable
Fatal/Major Injury	Very High Risk	High Risk	Medium Risk
Serious Injury	High Risk	Medium Risk	Low Risk
Minor Injury	Medium Risk	Low Risk	No Significant Risk